

Electrode for Joining, Build-up of Dissimilar and Difficult to Weld Steels with Minimum Heat Input

Typical Applications :

Joining and buttering of thin, difficult- to-weld steels including cast steels, high carbon steels, high alloy steels, tool steels and steels of unknown composition. e.g. bearing areas of shafts, edge build-up of gears, keyways, bellows etc.

Outstanding Features :

- Low dilution, lowest thermal stresses
- Easy arc strike even at very low amperages
- High strength and ductility of weld deposit due to refined grain structure
- Superior crack resistance, even when diluted with high carbon steel

Welding Procedure:

Clean weld area. Deposit with electrode tilted 10°-15° in direction of travel. Burn-off rate is rapid and uniform, permitting rapid advance with no "sticking" or "drifting". Weld with short arc length and minimal weaving. Remove slag between passes.

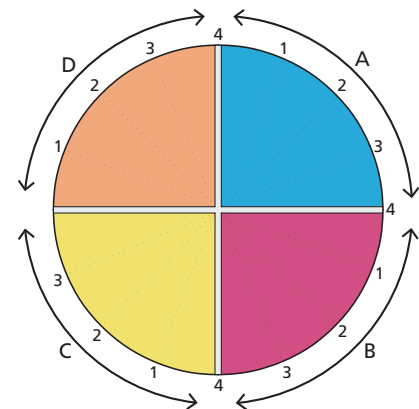
Recommendations :

A special Cr-Ni alloy giving high strength joints with excellent resistance to cracking. Low amperage enables welding of thin crosssections. Proprietary formulation of flux coating permits low-heat input welding in all positions. "Cold arc" flux coating plus high alloy core wire generates highly ionized arc for "spray type" transfer of weld metal for welder comfort and negligible HAZ. Weld deposits with refined grain structure ensure high strenght, high toughness and ductility.

Tensile Strength : 86 kg/mm² (1,22,000 psi)



Jaw Crusher Shaft



- A - Mechanical Strength 4
- B - Crack resistance 4
- C - Weldability 4
- D - Equipment versatility 4

Recommended Amperage:

Size (mm)	Amperage
1.6	25-35

